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# CLASSIFICATION OF FIRE RESISTANCE ACCORDING TO EN 13501-2: 2016

Classification no.	2020-Efectis-R001817[Rev.1]
Sponsor	Metaalwarenfabriek Metacon B.V. Zuidbaan 450 2841 MD MOORDRECHT THE NETHERLANDS
Product name	RGS EW60
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#### CONTENTS

1.	Introduction	3
1.1	Accreditation	3
1.2	Revision information	3
1.3	Normative references	3
2.	Details of classified product	4
2.1	General	4
2.2	Description	4
2.3	Test specimen	4
3.	Test reports / extended application reports and test results in support of classification	5
3.1	Test reports	5
3.2	Extended application reports	5
3.3	Test results Resistance to fire	5
3.4	Test results Resistance to repeated opening and closing	7
4.	Classification and field of application	7
4.1	Reference of classification	7
4.2	Classification	7
4.3	Field of application	7
4.4	General	7
4.5	Materials and construction	8
4.6	Permissible size variations	8
4.7	Asymmetrical assemblies	10
4.8	Supporting constructions	11
4.9	Extended application	11
5.	Limitations	12
APPE	ENDIX: Figures	13



Efectis Nederland BV 2020-Efectis-R001817[Rev.1] May 2021 Metaalwarenfabriek Metacon B.V. – RGS EW60

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

This classification report defines the resistance to fire classification assigned to a steel rolling shutter type RGS EW60 in accordance with the procedures given in EN 13501-2:2016.

#### 1.1 ACCREDITATION

Due to Dutch regulations, classification based on the Exap report 2020-Efectis-R001745a cannot be part of the accredited section of this document. Based on common practise agreed by the group of Notified Bodies EXAP reports and following classification will be judged based on 2 criteria:

- 1) Is the EXAP performed by a laboratory that performed at least one of the supported tests
- 2) Is the laboratory who performed the EXAP accredited for the respective test standard.

For this report Efectis Netherlands fulfills both requirements mentioned above.

#### 1.2 REVISION INFORMATION

This is the first issue of the report. This is a revised version of this report. This version supersedes all previous versions of this reports that are hereby withdrawn. Details on the changes can be found in the tables below.

Issue	Date of issue	Report no.
First issue	Òctober of 2020	2020-Efectis-R001817
First revision	May of 2021	2020-Efectis- R001817[Rev.1]

#### 1.2.1 First revision detailed information

#### Table 1.2: First revision information

Chapter of revision	§ 4.9
Reason of revision	Unclear table in § 4.9, in connection with notation on CE-certificate
Consequences of revision	Table has been replaced by two tables with clearer notation

#### **1.3 NORMATIVE REFERENCES**

European standard	Part
EN 1363-1:2012	Fire resistance tests – Part 1: General requirements
EN 1634-1:2014+ A1:2018	Fire resistance and smoke control tests for door and shutter assemblies, openable windows and elements of building hardware - Part 1: Fire resistance test for door and shutter assemblies
EN 13501-2:2016	Fire classification of construction product and building elements – Part 2: Classification using data from fire resistance tests



EN 15269-1:2019	Extended application of test results for fire resistance and/or smoke control for door, shutter and openable window assemblies, including their elements of building hardware - Part 1: General requirements
EN 15269-10:2011	Extended application of test results for fire resistance and/or smoke control for door, shutter and openable window assemblies including their elements of building hardware - Part 10: Fire resistance of steel rolling shutter assemblies
EN 15725:2010+ C1:2012	Extended application reports on the fire performance of construction products and building elements
EN 1191:2012	Resistance to repeated opening and closing
EN 16034:2014	Pedestrian doorsets, industrial, commercial, garage doors and openable windows – Product standard, performance characteristics – Fire resisting and/or smoke control characteristics

#### 1.4 GAP-ANALYSES

To be able to use the test report, 2013-Efectis-R0536a[Rev.2], as a basis for a classification according to EN 13501-2:2016, it is necessary to do a gap analysis to investigate whether the results of the test performed according to the standard EN 1634-1:2014 are still valid for use according to the currently applicable standard EN 1634-1:2014+A1:2018 as required by EN 13501-2:2016.

Efectis has made a comparison between the two EN 1634-1 standards and examined the test report. Efectis concluded that the results of the test according to the EN 1634-1:2014 standard are still valid according to the standard EN 1634-1:2014+A1:2018. Therefore, the test report can be used as a basis for classification according to the standard EN 13501-2:2016.

#### 2. DETAILS OF CLASSIFIED PRODUCT

#### 2.1 GENERAL

The element, RGS EW60 (Rolling Gate Steel), is defined as a rolling shutter assembly.

The rolling shutter assembly has been tested mounted on a standard low rigid supporting construction at the exposed and non-exposed side.

#### 2.2 DESCRIPTION

The element, RGS EW60, is fully described in the test reports in support of classification listed in 3.1.

#### 2.3 TEST SPECIMEN

The test specimen was a steel rolling shutter assembly from Metaalwarenfabriek Metacon B.V. type RGS EW60.



# 3. TEST REPORTS / EXTENDED APPLICATION REPORTS AND TEST RESULTS IN SUPPORT OF CLASSIFICATION

#### 3.1 TEST REPORTS

#### Table 3.1: Details test report

Name of laboratory	Name of sponsor	Report ref. no	Test standard
Efectis Nederland BV	Metaalwarenfabriek Metacon B.V.	2013-Efectis-R0536a [Rev.2]	EN 1634-1:2014+ A1:2018*
Efectis Nederland BV	Metaalwarenfabriek Metacon B.V.	2018-Efectis- R000670[Rev.1]	EN 1191:2012
Efectis Nederland BV	Metaalwarenfabriek Metacon B.V.	2020-Efectis-R001136 [Rev.1]	EN 1634-1:2014+ A1:2018
Efectis Nederland BV	Metaalwarenfabriek Metacon B.V.	2020-Efectis-R001721	EN 1634-1:2014+ A1:2018

\* After Gap-analysis see § 1.4

#### 3.2 EXTENDED APPLICATION REPORTS

Name of laboratory	Name of sponsor	Report No.	Standard
Efectis Nederland BV	Metaalwarenbedrijf Metacon B.V.	2020-Efectis-R001745	EN 15269-10:2011

#### 3.3 TEST RESULTS RESISTANCE TO FIRE

#### 3.3.1 2013536 - 2013-Efectis-R0536a[Rev.2] - Non-exposed side

Time of reaching a criterion measured from start test in accordance with EN 1634-1			
Criterion	Time (min.)	Result	
Integrity (E) -Cotton pad -Gap gauge Ø 6 mm -Gap gauge Ø 25 mm -Sustained flaming > 10 seconds	135 135 135 135	Not determined Not determined Not determined Failure	
Heat Radiation (W)135No failure, max. 17 kW/m² at 135 min.			
The heating was terminated after 135 minutes after consulting the client.			



#### 3.3.2 2013536 - 2013-Efectis-R0536a[Rev.2] - Exposed side

Time of reaching a criterion measured from start test in accordance with EN 1634-1		
Criterion	Time (min.)	Result
Integrity (E) -Cotton pad -Gap gauge Ø 6 mm -Gap gauge Ø 25 mm -Sustained flaming > 10 seconds	133 133 133 133	Not determined Not determined Not determined Failure
Heat Radiation (W)	133	No failure, max. 15 kW/m <sup>2</sup> at 133 min.
<b>T</b> I I II I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		

The heating was terminated after 133 minutes after consulting the client.

#### 3.3.3 20000402 - 2020-Efectis-R001136[Rev.1] - Non-exposed side

Time of reaching a criterion measured from start test in accordance with EN 1634-1			
Criterion	Time [min]	Result	
Integrity (E)			
-Cotton pad	148	Not determined	
-Gap gauge Ø 6 mm	146	Failure, barrel support failed causing a gap	
-Gap gauge Ø 25 mm	146	Failure, barrel support failed causing a gap	
-Sustained flaming > 10 seconds	148	No Failure	
Heat Radiation (W)	107	Failure, max. 18.0 kW/m <sup>2</sup> at 147 min.	

The heating was terminated after 148 minutes after consulting the client.

#### 3.3.4 20000601 - 2020-Efectis-R001721 - Exposed side

#### Time of reaching a criterion measured from start test in accordance with EN 1634-1

Criterion	Time [min]	Result						
Integrity (E) -Cotton pad -Gap gauge Ø 6 mm -Gap gauge Ø 25 mm -Sustained flaming > 10 seconds	189	Not determined No failure Failure No Failure						
Heat Radiation (W)	139	Failure, max. 18.6 kW/m² at 263 min.						
The heating was terminated after 264 minutes after consulting the client.								



#### 3.4 TEST RESULTS RESISTANCE TO REPEATED OPENING AND CLOSING

#### 3.4.1 2018-EFECTIS-R000670[Rev.1]

Number of the cycles	51757
Distance of the cycles	5620 mm
Classification	C2

#### 4. CLASSIFICATION AND FIELD OF APPLICATION

#### 4.1 REFERENCE OF CLASSIFICATION

This classification has been carried out in accordance with Clause 7 of EN 13501-2:2016.

#### 4.2 CLASSIFICATION

#### 4.2.1 Fire resistance

The element, RGS EW60 is classified according to combinations of performance parameters and classes as described in Clause 6.7 of EN 13501-2:2016.

# FIRE RESISTANCE CLASSIFICATION:

## E60-C2, EW60-C2, E90-C2, EW90-C2 and E120-C2

# mounted on the surface of a standard low rigid supporting construction

- \* C2 including ability to release according to EN 16034:2014, see reports mentioned in § 3.1.
- 4.3 FIELD OF APPLICATION
- 4.3.1 Field of direct application
- 4.4 GENERAL

The field of direct application defines the allowable changes to the test specimen following a successful fire resistance test. These variations can be applied automatically without the need for the sponsor to seek additional evaluation, calculation or approval.

NOTE When extended product size requirements are envisaged, the dimensions of certain components within the test specimen can be less than those intended to be used at full size in order to maximize the extrapolation of the test results by modelling the interaction between components at the same scale.

Where referred to annex B or annex C in this paragraph, the annexes in EN 1634-1 are meant.



#### 4.5 MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION

#### 4.5.1 General

Unless otherwise stated in the following text, the materials and construction of the door set shall be the same as that tested. The number of leaves and the mode of operation (e.g. sliding, single action or double action) shall not be changed.

#### 4.5.2 Specific restrictions on materials and construction

#### 4.5.2.1 Metal construction

The type of metal shall not be changed from that tested.

#### 4.5.3 Decorative finishes

#### 4.5.3.1 Paint

Where the paint finish is not expected to contribute to the fire resistance of the door, alternative paints are acceptable and may be added to door leaves or frames for which unfinished test specimens were tested. Where the paint finish contributes to the fire resistance of the door (e.g. intumescent paints) then no change shall be permitted.

#### 4.5.4 Fixings

The number of fixings per unit length used to attach door sets to supporting constructions may be increased but shall not be decreased and the distance between fixings may be reduced but shall not be increased.

#### 4.5.5 Building hardware

NOTE 2 Interchange of building hardware is not covered by the field of direct application.

#### 4.6 PERMISSIBLE SIZE VARIATIONS

#### 4.6.1 General

Door sets of sizes different from those of tested specimens are permitted within certain limitations, but the variations are dependent on product type and the length of time that the performance criteria are fulfilled.

The increase and decrease of dimensions permitted by the field of direct application are applicable to the overall size.

#### 4.6.2 Test periods

The amount of variation of size permitted is dependent on whether the classification time was just reached (Category 'A') or whether an extended time (Category 'B') in accordance with the values shown in Table 1 were fulfilled before the test was concluded.



Efectis Nederland BV 2020-Efectis-R001817[Rev.1] May 2021 Metaalwarenfabriek Metacon B.V. – RGS EW60

#### For category 'B':

#### Table 7.1: Category B overrun requirements

Classification time (min)	All performance criteria fulfilled for at least minutes						
15	18						
20	24						
30	36						
45	52						
60	68						
90	100						
120	132						

#### 4.6.3 Size variation related to product type

#### 4.6.3.1 General

The rules to cover increase or decrease of size without additional considerations are applicable only to six main product groups:

No increases in size are permitted for door sets which are required to satisfy radiation control levels unless the insulation criteria are also satisfied. This is because any increase in size will increase the radiation received at a fixed distance away from the door. There are calculation methods which can be used to determine acceptable size increases for such doors; however, these are beyond the scope of direct application. Size decreases are permitted for both doors which satisfy radiation control levels and those which satisfy insulation criteria and radiation control levels.

Permissible variations for each product group are detailed in Annex B of EN 1634-1 which also contains some examples relating to hinged/pivoted door sets.

#### 4.6.3.2 Rolling shutter door sets

Rules for the direct field of application for rolling shutters are not applicable to water cooled rolling shutters. For size variations, see Annex B.

For insulated rolling shutters the material thickness shall not be varied beyond the tolerances on thickness accepted by the metal industry.

The material thickness of side guides and barrel carrying end plates may be increased by up to 50% but it shall not be reduced beyond acceptable metal industry tolerances.

The clearance between the end of the shutter laths and the inside faces of the guides shall be increased in proportion to the increase in width of the laths (see Figure 33 EN 1634-1). The tightness between the shutter curtain and the vertical guides and the overlap between the guides and the wall shall not be reduced for size decreases but shall be increased at least proportionally for the increase in width.



Permitted size variations for overrun time 'B' for the door leaf for classification E60									
Tested dimensions	5	Permitted size incr	ease	Permitted size reduction					
Width (mm)	3600	Width 10% (mm)	3960	Unlimited					
Height (mm)	2810	Height 30% (mm)	3653	Unlimited					

#### 4.7 ASYMMETRICAL ASSEMBLIES

#### 4.7.1 General

EN 1363-1 states that for separating elements required to be fire resisting from both sides, two test specimens shall be tested (one from each direction) unless the element is fully symmetrical, i.e. the construction of the door set is identical on both sides of the centre line when viewed in plan (from above). However, in some cases it is possible to develop rules whereby the fire resistance of an asymmetrical door assembly tested in one direction can apply when the fire exposure is from the other direction. The possibility to develop such rules increases if the consideration is limited to certain types of door assembly and on the criteria being applicable (e.g. integrity only doors). The following rules represent the minimum level of common agreement which shall be followed. The rationale behind the rules is given in Annex C of EN 1634-1.

#### 4.7.2 Specific rules

The rules governing the applicability of tests carried out in one direction to other directions are given in Table 7.7 and are based on the following premises:

- that each of the door leaves are themselves of symmetrical construction with the exception of the edges (e.g. lock/leading edge and hinge edge or double rebated doors)
- that any restraining/supporting elements of building hardware has been included in a test to EN 1634-1 when exposed in both directions so that they will retain their function when exposed to the heat of the test
- that there is no change in the number of leaves or the mode of operation (e.g. sliding, swinging, single action or double action)

The table below lists the type of door assembly for which rules can be generated and gives the direction in which it should be tested to cover the opposite direction. The separate columns for the integrity and insulation criteria reflect the different ability to make rules for integrity only doors as opposed to those which satisfy both criteria. A 'Yes' means that it is possible to identify the direction of test which covers the opposite direction. A 'No' indicates that it is not possible to identify the direction which will cover the opposite direction.

Type of door set	Direction to be tested to cover opposite direction	Integrity	Insulation	Radiation
Rolling shutter	Barrel and supporting components fixed on the face of the supporting wall on the fire side	Yes	No	No



#### 4.8 SUPPORTING CONSTRUCTIONS

#### 4.8.1 General

The fire resistance of a door assembly tested in one form of standard supporting construction may or may not apply when it is mounted in other types of construction. Generally, the rigid and flexible types are not interchangeable and rules governing the direct application within each group are given in 7.5.2. The rationale behind the rules is given in Annex C of EN 1634-1.

#### 4.8.2 Rigid standard supporting constructions (high or low density)

The fire resistance of a door set tested in a high- or low-density rigid standard supporting construction as specified in EN 1634-1 can be applied to a door set mounted in the same manner in a wall provided the density and the thickness of the wall are equal to or greater than that in which the door set was tested.

#### 4.9 EXTENDED APPLICATION

The stress in the various loadbearing components including fixings of the tested rolling shutter assembly has been calculated using the methodology as stated in the EXAP standard EN 15269-10:2011. Based on this approach it is concluded that the rolling shutter assembly type RGS EW60, as tested and described in Efectis Nederland test and Exap report mentioned in § 3.1 and § 3.2, will have a classification of:

# FIRE RESISTANCE CLASSIFICATION OF:

## E60-C2, EW60-C2, E90-C2, and E120-C2

Mounted on the exposed and non-exposed side of a standard low rigid supporting construction: Maximum dimensions 9680 mm and 9650 mm (width and height from floor level to centre line of barrel)





Radiation overview upscaled system Measured radiation level														
EW 60	W_t_upscaled	9680												
	H_t_upscaled	9200											10.15	0.8 mm steel
		Fulfills											3340 x 2810	standard isulation
EW 90	W t upscaled	9680	9000	7750	7000	6000	5500	5000	4500	4000	3500	3195	13.2	0.8 mm steel
	H t upscaled	3150	3200	3250	3300	3400	3500	3649	3850	4300	5500	9200	3340 x 2810	standard isulation
		Fulfills												

H\_t\_upscaled: 9200 = aperture height. Height from floor level to centre line of barrel = 9200 + 450 mm = 9650

#### 5. LIMITATIONS

This classification document does not represent type approval or certification of the product.

Koleka

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Efectis Nederland BV 2020-Efectis-R001817[Rev.1] May 2021 Metaalwarenfabriek Metacon B.V. – RGS EW60



# **APPENDIX: FIGURES**



Figure 1 Overview upscaled maximum dimensions